

MYSORE DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH.

NOTE ON THE STATE OF PUBLIC HEALTH IN MYSORE STATE, FOR THE WEEK ENDED THURSDAY, OCTOBER 8, 1931.

A total of 120 attacks with 56 deaths from plague was returned during the week against 112 attacks with 54 deaths in the previous week. Bangalore and Mysore Cities returned 7 attacks with 3 deaths and 9 attacks with 5 deaths respectively. Comparative figures for the corresponding week in 1930 and 1929 were 125 attacks with 78 deaths and 74 attacks with 52 deaths respectively.

Eighty-seven attacks with 51 deaths from cholera were returned from one village in each of Hoskote, Seringapatam, Heggaddevankote, Chennagiri, Kadur, Tarikere, Jagalur, Holalkere and Harihar Sub-Taluks, two villages in each of Malvalli and T. Narasipur Taluks and six villages in Davangere Taluk. Bangalore City also reported cases.

Five attacks with 1 death from small-pox were reported from Hassan Town.

The State remained free from Influenza and Relapsing Fever.

The total mortality for Bangalore City amounted to 93, representing a calculated annual ratio of 40.79 per mille of population against the average ratio of 41.66 for the corresponding week of last year. Classified according to causes, the deaths numbered 3 under plague, 4 under malaria, 3 under broncho-pneumonia, 8 under pneumonia, 2 under other fevers, 3 under phthisis, 7 under dysentery and diarrhoea and 63 under all other causes.

During the week, the Civil and Military Station, Bangalore, returned 99 deaths representing a calculated annual ratio of 43.28 per mille of population against the average ratio of 26.23 for the corresponding week of last year. Classified according to causes, the deaths were—cholera 8, broncho-pneumonia 11, pneumonia 10, typhoid 2, other fevers 5, phthisis 7, dysentery and diarrhoea 5 and all other causes 51.

The total mortality for Mysore City was 51 representing a calculated annual ratio of 34.33 per mille of population against the average ratio of 41.50 for the corresponding week of last year. Classified according to causes, the deaths were—plague 5, malaria 3, broncho-pneumonia 1, pneumonia 7, typhoid 2, phthisis 3, dysentery and diarrhoea 3 and all other causes 27.

There were 44 deaths from all causes in Kolar Gold Field equivalent to a calculated annual ratio of 26.10 per mille of population against the average ratio of 25.50 for the corresponding week of last year. Classified according to causes, the deaths numbered, 1 under malaria, 5 under pneumonia, 3 under other fevers, 2 under phthisis, 5 under dysentery and diarrhoea and 28 under all other causes.

J. V. KARVE,
Director of Health.

MYSORE GOVERNMENT METEOROLOGICAL DEPARTMENT.

Monthly Means of 8 A.M. Meteorological Observations for September 1931.

Height of Observatory above Sea Level	BANGALORE	MYSORE	HASSAN	CHITALDRUG
	3021 ft.	2518 ft.	3149 ft.	2405 ft.
Barometer (red. to 32° F.)	26.902	27.396	26.799	27.483
Temperatures in shade:—				
Dry Bulb	70.8	72.0	70.0	72.5
Daily Max. do	83.1	83.8	80.4	84.2
Daily Min. do	65.8	67.0	65.4	68.5
Wet Bulb	67.3	65.3	66.9	69.0
Temperatures of Radiation:—				
Daily Max. Solar Heat				
in Vacuo	142.8			
Daily Min. Temp. on Grass	64.5			
Rainfall:—Total in inches	10.52	5.80	12.58	1.23
Wind Direction	N 81° W	S 73° W	N 86° W	S 79° W
Velocity (miles per hour)	7	6	6	7
Clear Sky: Percentage	18	37	21	15
Bright Sunshine: Hours daily	5.3			

BANGALORE,

C. SESHACHAR,

Dated 10th October 1931.

Meteorological Reporter.